

## **ESSENCE OF A CENTER OF EXCELLENCE IN GENOMIC SCIENCE (CEGS)**

(to be read in conjunction with PAR-02-021)

### **A successful CEGS must include ALL of the following:**

- A CEGS is highly innovative, being designed to develop new concepts, methods, technologies, or ways to analyze data that will substantially advance the state of the art in genomic approaches to the study of a biological problem.
- A CEGS proposes a very substantial advance to addressing a critical issue in genomic science. Achieving a substantial advance entails risk; this is balanced by the potential for very high payoff and requires an outstanding scientific plan and very effective management strategy.
- A CEGS is a tightly focused project implemented by a multi-investigator, interdisciplinary team working in a highly integrated fashion. Synergy and integration are key.
- A CEGS will increase the pool of professional scientists and engineers able to work in or use genomics, by offering innovative, substantive training opportunities across appropriate disciplines. It will integrate the training of new investigators and broaden the training of established investigators. Graduate students and postdoctoral fellows, at a minimum, should participate in the research; however, that participation by itself is insufficient as a training effort.
- A CEGS will help to ameliorate the genomics community's shortage of scientists from underrepresented minority communities (African-Americans, Alaskan Natives, Hispanic-Americans, Native Americans, Pacific Islanders) by developing effective opportunities to recruit and encourage them to develop as independent genomics investigators.

### **Additional characteristics of a CEGS:**

A CEGS project may include an ELSI component if it is integrated with and closely related to the main focus or theme of the project.

Establishment of a CEGS at an institution must add value beyond activities in genomics that might already be ongoing at that institution.

A CEGS project may propose very substantial improvement in current technology, to increase throughput and decrease cost.

A CEGS may choose a cell, organism, tissue or pathway as an example on which to develop the concepts or methods, but those concepts or methods must be broadly applicable well beyond the chosen example.

### **A CEGS is NOT:**

- ...an additional implementation of ideas already being pursued by the team, or by others;
- ...the obvious next step in a project or field, which could be accomplished by assembling state-of-the-art components and innovating at the level of a typical R01;
- ...a program project;
- ...infrastructure for an existing program or department;
- ...primarily for the collection of a dataset, in the absence of a novel concept or methodological approach;
- ...outstanding science in and of itself that fails to meet the criteria required of a CEGS.